



HAMPTON HARBOR BRIDGE

# Public Advisory Committee Meeting

April 1, 2020



Innovative Planning  
BETTER COMMUNITIES

# Agenda

- Recap of Progress to Date
- Type, Size and Location Study Conclusions
- Review of Four Alternatives
- Update on Consultation
- Next Steps



Seabrook-Hampton Bridge looking northwest

# Coordination To Date



- Meetings to date
  - ✓ 4 PAC Meetings
  - ✓ 2 Public Informational Meetings
  - ✓ Meeting with maritime users
  - ✓ Meeting with abutters
- Reviewing Agencies
  - ✓ US Coast Guard
  - ✓ US Army Corps of Engineers
  - ✓ NH Division of Historical Resources
  - ✓ National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration
  - ✓ US Fish and Wildlife Service
  - ✓ Additional Environmental Agencies
- These have informed key decisions throughout the project's development

# Alternatives

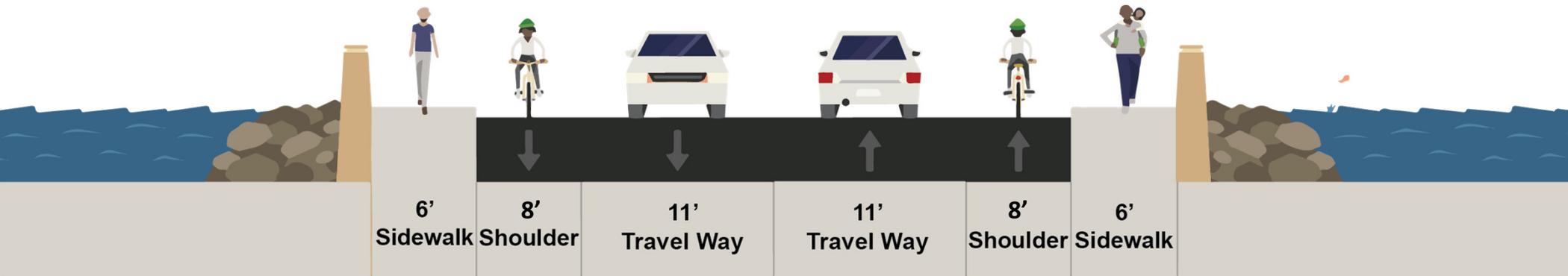


- Initially, three alternatives considered:
  - ▶ Rehabilitation (with Widened Bridge)
  - ▶ Replacement with Bascule Bridge
  - ▶ Replacement with Fixed Bridge
- Through Coordination with NH Division of Historic Resources, a fourth alternative was added:
  - ▶ Twin Bridge (with Rehabilitated Bridge)
- All meet project Purpose and Need

# Typical Roadway Section



- 2 travel lanes
- 8' shoulders
- 6' sidewalks with bumpouts



# Roadway Alignments

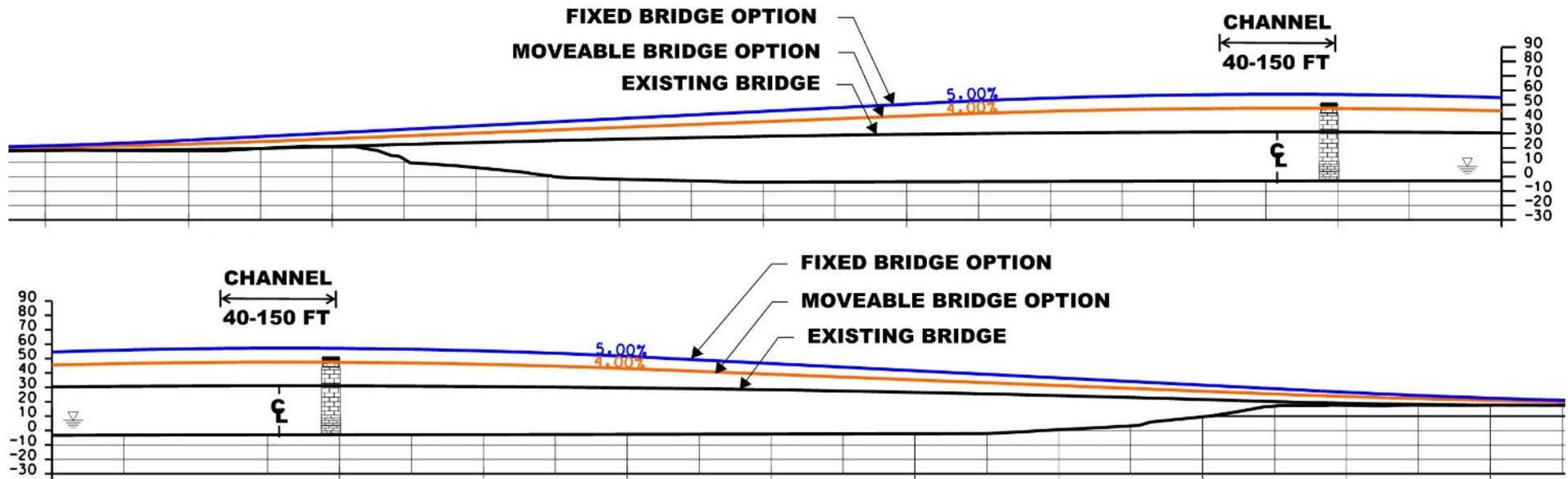


Eastern Alignment



Western Alignment

# Navigational Vertical Clearance



Lines shown are roadway surface at center of roadway

- Replacement with Fixed - 48' Vertical Underclearance at Channel
- Replacement with Bascule - 34' Vertical Underclearance at Channel
- Existing Bridge - 18' Posted Vertical Underclearance

# Questions



- Before moving to the next section, please ask any questions you may have regarding progress to date



Bridge Looking West

# Type, Size and Location Study



- TS&L identifies Replacement with Fixed Bridge as Preferred Alternative because:
  - ▶ Accommodates widening of navigational channel under bridge
  - ▶ Allows vertical clearance for all vessels documented to have entered the harbor
  - ▶ Accommodates *Currituck* (US Army Corps of Engineers dredge vessel)
  - ▶ Avoids impacts to navigational channel within Hampton Harbor
  - ▶ Eliminates traffic delays
  - ▶ Shortest construction duration of four alternatives
  - ▶ Lowest life cycle cost of four alternatives

# Rehabilitation (with Widened Bridge)

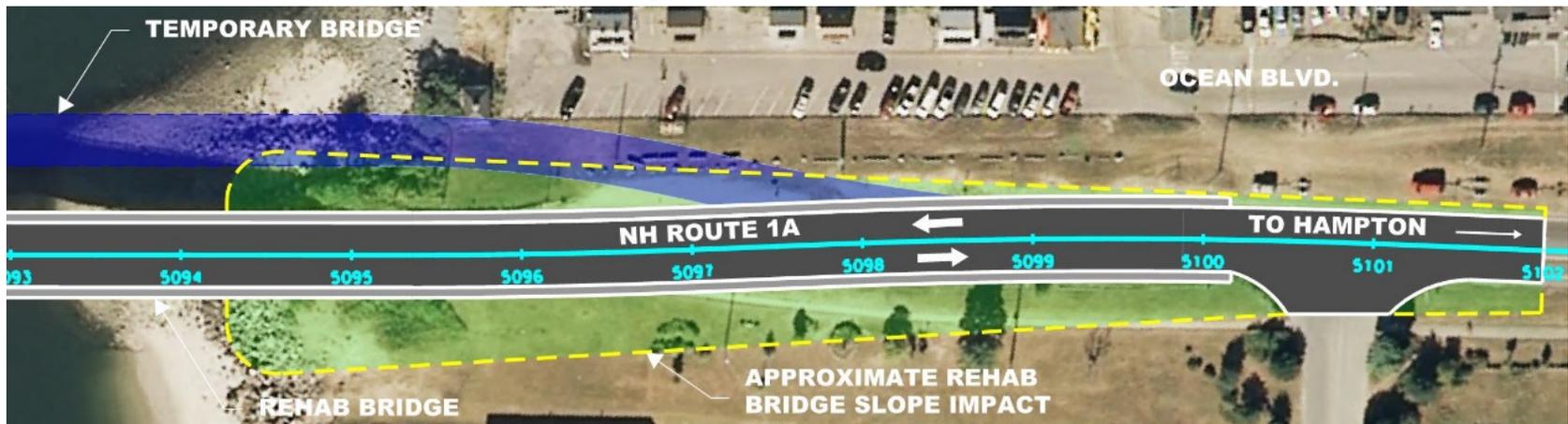
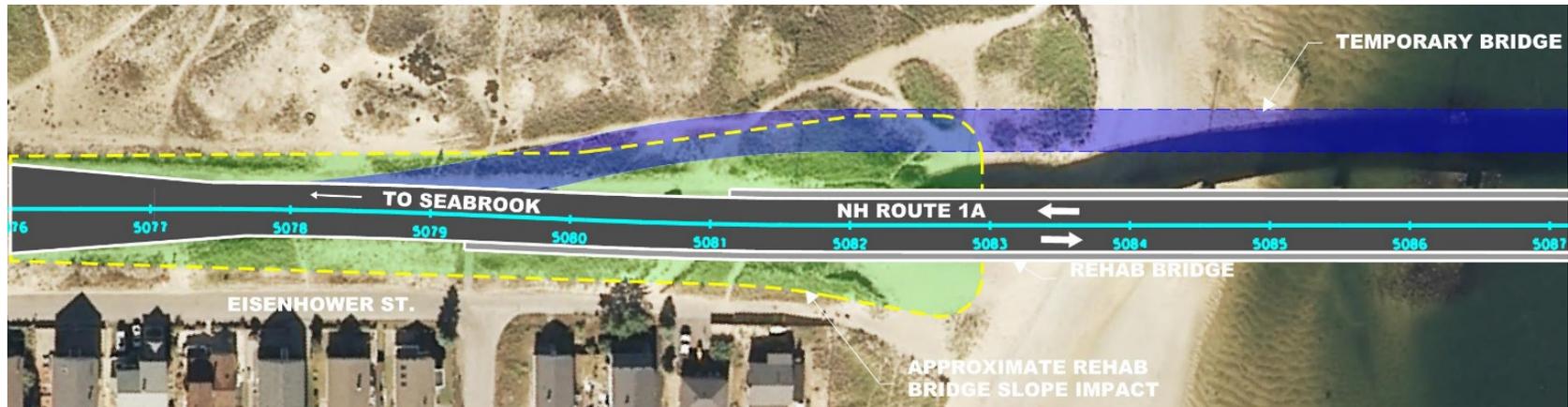


- 50' roadway
- Requires temporary bridge
- Approach roadway impacts minimized
- Retains operator house
- Alters overall form of existing bridge
- Extensive modifications to structure and new mechanical and electrical systems
- Would result in adverse effect under Section 106
- No improvement to navigational channel
- Vertical underclearance unchanged (20' in closed position)
- Traffic movement delayed when opened
- Life cycle cost = \$98 million



Bascule span, looking east

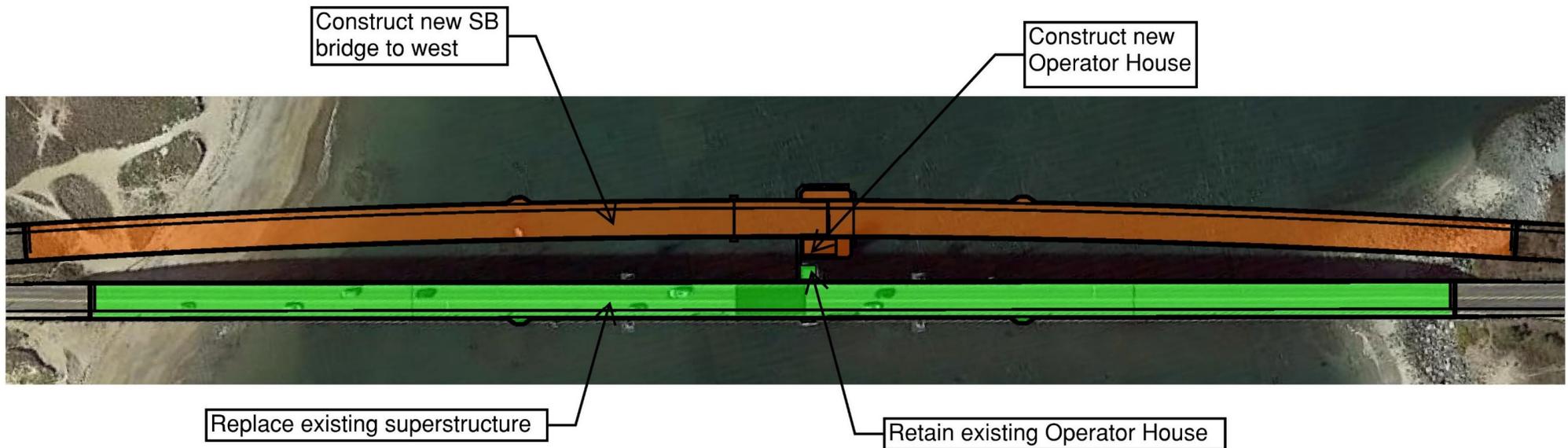
# Rehabilitation (with Widened Bridge)



# Twin Bridge (with Rehabilitated Bridge)



- Alternative considered based on comments from NH Division of Historical Resources

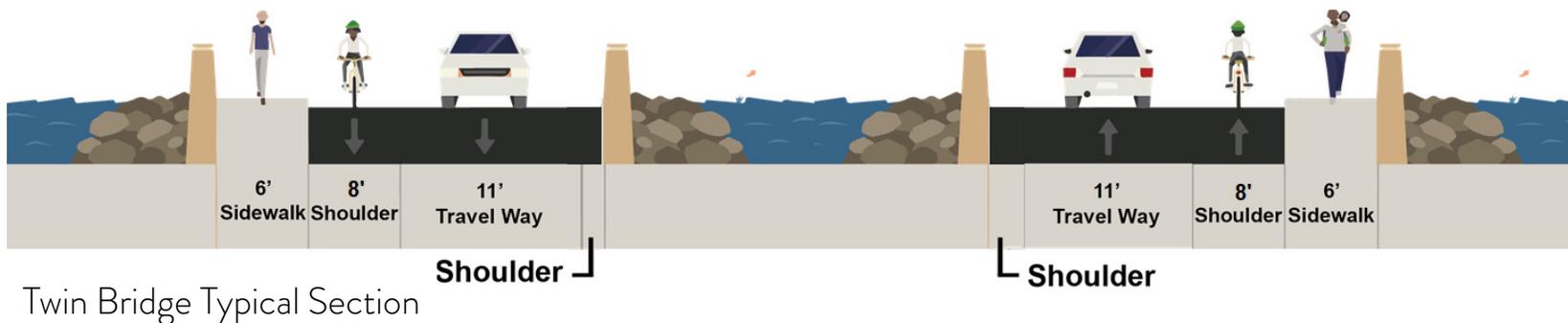


Aerial Plan of Twin Bridge Alternative

# Twin Bridge (with Rehabilitated Bridge)



- New bascule bridge west of existing
- Rehabilitates existing substructure – replaces superstructure due to deterioration
- Splits traffic onto two bridges
- Each bridge has 30'-6" roadway width
- Width of navigational channel unchanged (40')
- Length of restricted channel increased
- Impacts to navigational channel within Hampton Harbor – may require blasting
- Vertical underclearance unchanged (20')
- Traffic movement delayed when opened
- Would result in adverse effect under Section 106
- Life cycle cost = \$128 million



# Replacement with Bascule Bridge



- Modern version of existing bridge
- Steel bascule span
- Proposed underclearance increased to 34', reducing required lifts by 55%
- Traffic movement delayed when opened
- Navigational channel width increased to 80' at crossing
- Impacts to navigational channel within Hampton Harbor – may require blasting
- Results in adverse effect under Section 106
- Life cycle cost = \$115 million



Aerial of Proposed Bascule Bridge

# Repl. with Fixed Bridge - Preferred Alternative



- Fixed bridge alignment “tucked in” - moved closer to existing bridge to eliminate impacts to Harbor Channels
  - ▶ Underclearance increased from 44’ to 48’ but engineering refinement allows for minimal increase in structure height



Alignment of Replacement Alternatives

# Repl. with Fixed Bridge - Preferred Alternative



- Sufficient vertical clearance for vessels
- Widens channel to 150' and fewer obstructions for small vessels
- Avoids impacts to navigational channel within Hampton Harbor
- Results in adverse effect under Section 106
- Shortest construction duration
- No vehicular delays due to bridge lifts
- Substantial reduction in cost
- Life cycle cost = \$71 million



Aerial of Proposed Fixed Bridge

# Questions



- Before moving to the next section, please ask any questions you may have regarding
  - ▶ Preferred Alternative
  - ▶ Other Alternatives



Bridge Looking West

# Alternative Comparison Summary



	Widened Rehab	Twin Bridge	Fixed Bridge	Bascule Bridge
Roadway Width	50'	2 x 30'-6"	50'	50'
Approach Roadway Impacts	Easterly	Westerly	Westerly	Westerly
No Temporary Bridge Required	●	●	●	●
Historic - Adverse Effect on Bridge	●	●	●	●
Navigational Channel Improvements	●	●	●	●
No Blasting Required	●	●	●	●
Future Utilities On Bridge	●	●	●	●
Reduced Traffic Delays with Bridge Operation	●	●	●	●
Construction Duration	3.5 Years	4 years	3 Years	3.5 Years

# Alternative Cost Analysis



Alternative	Widened Rehab.	Twin Bridge	Fixed Bridge*	Bascule Bridge
Initial Construction Cost	\$85M	\$110M	\$67M-\$71M	\$101M
Life Cycle Cost – Constant Dollars	\$156M	\$212M	\$85M-\$90M	\$181M
Life Cycle Cost – Present Day Dollars	\$98M	\$128M	\$71M-\$74M	\$115M

\* Note: Range accounts for concrete and steel as options for girders.

# Next Steps



- Further identify mitigation measures for loss of historic bridge
- Develop Memorandum of Agreement with NH Division Historic Resources and Consulting Parties
- Complete Biological Assessments and Essential Fish Habitat Assessment
- Hold Public Informational Meeting
- Prepare and release Draft Environmental Assessment and 4(f) Evaluation (summer 2020)
- Develop US Coast Guard Permits

# Next Steps

